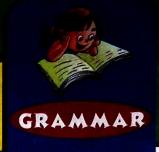


AFFIRMATIVE AND



In the first chapter, you have learnt that there are four types of sentences assertive, interrogative, imperative and exclamatory.

Now, take a look at the following sentences:

Assertive I am a doctor. I am **not** a doctor.

> He sings well. He does **not** sing well.

Interrogative Is she a dancer? Is she **not** a dancer?

> When does he go to office? When does he **not** go to office?

Imperative Shut the window. Do **not** shut the window.

> Tell me your name. Don't tell me your name.

How intelligent he is! **Exclamatory** Isn't he intelligent!

> What a thought! Isn't a good thought!

You may have observed that all the types of sentences can be used to express both affirmation and negation. When a sentence is used to express an affirmation, it is called an Affirmative Sentence and when it is used to express a negation, it is called a Negative Sentence.

Negative sentences are made by adding negative words like no, not, never, none, neither, nor, etc. to the affirmative sentence. Now, observe the following sentences and note the style for changing an affirmative sentence into a negative sentence.

	Affirmative Sentence	Negative Sentence
	She is a teacher.	She is not a teacher.
	We have money in the bank.	We have no money in the bank.
990	Both of them have a car.	Neither of them has a car.
(ag)	I have seen the Taj Mahal.	I have not seen the Taj Mahal.

All the workers work hard.

Somebody will take care of him.

Sumit swims well.

They ate all the apples.

We have something for you.

Enquire everybody.

You gave him something to eat.

I shall go to Mumbai.

We will take a bus.

Boys love sports.

She always tells a lie.

Either of us can go out.

Each of them has done her homework.

None of the workers work hard.

Nobody will take care of him.

Sumit does not swim well.

They did not eat all the apples.

We have nothing for you.

Do not enquire everybody.

or Enquire nobody.

You **did not** give him anything to eat. or you gave him **nothing** to eat.

I shall not go to Mumbai.

We will not take a bus.

Boys do not love sports.

She never tells a lie.

Neither of us can go out.

None of them has done her homework.

Negative terms like is not, do not, did not, etc., also have their short forms, though they are not commonly used in written composition. However, they are used frequently in conversation. Some of the commonly used forms are:

is not	isn't	do not	don't
will not	won't	did not	didn't
shall not	shan't	had not	hadn't
are not	aren't	could not	couldn't
should not	shouldn't	can not	can't

A. Change the following affirmative sentences into negative:

- 1. Everybody likes eating mangoes.
- 2. Mohan ate your share of apples.
- 3. We will give you something to drink.
- 4. They will take you to Bangalore.

Everybody doesn't like eating mange Mohan didn't eat your share of apple We won't give you something to drink. They won't take you to Rangalore

6. Yo	lobody can give you rupees forty thousar	You have not stolen my book
0. 10	ou have stolen my book.	
7 H	ari lives somewhere near the park.	validation of the contract of
	ekha gave her something very expensive	Service and American American Services
	le can reply to your question.	a Ting is a gradual of the state of the stat
	Ve see plants everywhere, here.	laived at may shall be the A
	affirmative sentences out of the	following
	ive sentences:	
Landing Street - 9	he workers did not work honestly.	The workers work honestly.
	lobody was present in the factory today.	Somebody was present in the factory today.
	adha eats nothing on Friday.	Radha eats something on Friday
	do not agree to what you say.	I agree to what you say.
		ow. Radha will take you to school tomorrow.
	avi did not give back my money.	Ravi gave back my money
	Ve do not speak French.	one Managaran and Managaran
	Jobody moved in the crowd.	
	hey do not eat banana.	agen new outsteen as we system to a
	have no money with me today.	White a state of sometime markets and the same
	ge the following sentences into negative	ve:
		Pon't send your application for leave.
	1	Don't open all the windows please
		[2] [2] [1] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4
	- [- [전쟁:[] - 1 - [- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Don't move fast to catch the train
	선물이 발생님께서 그 없는 이번 그렇게 되었다. 그렇게 되었다는 얼마나 얼마나 그 없는 그 사람이다.	Don't meet your colleagues.
		Don't call hor in your office
The state of the state of		She has not gone home.
	Ve are learning Chinese.	5 118 COVIC ROOM
# 10 m	Ve will go tomorrow.	
	He has been sleeping for two hours.	
10. H	He was dancing for hours.	

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B

C.

Grammar e

Change the following affirmati	ve sentences into negative:
1. Everybody likes him.	Nobody likes his
2. Radha ate your share of mar	igoes. Radha didnot eat your
3. I shall give you something to	
4. He will take you to Delhi.	He won't take you to
5. Anybody can give you ruped	
6. Someone stole my pen.	and to the semisation of the
7. Bhavani lives somewhere ne	ar the temple.
8. Nisha gave her something ve	_
Make affirmative sentences out negative sentences:	t of the following
1. The labourers did not work	hard. The labourers worked
2. Nobody was there in the hor	use. Somebody was there in
3. Divya eats nothing on Mono	
4. I do not agree to what he say	rs. I agree to what &
5. Priya will not take you to pa	rk tomorrow.
6. Jeevan did not give me anyt	ning.
7. She does not speak Hindi.	1
8. Nobody moved in the crowd	1 - Marien and the state of the state of the A
Change the following sentence	s into negative:
1. Write an application for leav	re. Don't write an application
2. Shut the door please.	Don't shut the door
3. Run to catch the bus.	Don't run to cate
4. Meet your friends.	
5. Call him.	
6. He has come home.	